





## FIELD METHODOLOGY AND WSSS SECTOR

The methodology named **FIELD (Framework of Incentives to Empower Local Decision-makers)** aims to narrow the gap between the results of academic research and daily decisions making process in relevant context as, amongst the others, local public service regulation and project life cycle. *FIELD is a multidisciplinary methodology for the analysis of local actors, incentives and information endowment that surround and lie behind the success or the failure of the regulation of local public services, infrastructures and projects, defining the playing field where their realization takes place.*

So far the methodology (2014 Call for Authors) has been **applied to WSSS** in the following Cities(countries): **Belgrade (Serbia), Sofia (Bulgaria), Cairo (Egypt), Arba Minch (Ethiopia), Maputo (Mozambique), Bangalore (India)**

The *May 2016 Call for authors* (selection has been finalized in June 2016) will produce **reports (2016Q4 and 2017Q1) on the WSSS** sector from the following countries: **Nigeria, Malaysia, Palestine, Brasil, Mozambique, Macedonia, Turkey**

### Example 1: FIELD Matrix for the information/data collection:

			
PLAYERS	INCENTIVES <i>(institutional/shadow)</i>	RELATIONSHIP	INFORMATION <i>(in house/transmitted)</i>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Politicians</li> <li>• Public officials</li> <li>• Market actors (financial and non-financial, local or national or international)</li> <li>• Lobbies</li> <li>• Consumer organizations</li> <li>• Administrative tribunals</li> <li>• Consumers / final users</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Efficiency in provision of the service</li> <li>• Profit</li> <li>• Market share</li> <li>• Effectiveness and quality</li> <li>• Equity / redistribution / accessibility</li> <li>• Electoral consensus</li> <li>• Consensus</li> <li>• Political control</li> <li>• Religious control</li> <li>• Ethnic control</li> <li>• Maintaining / increasing own budget ←→ <u>bureaucracy</u></li> <li>• Financial public budget constraints</li> <li>• Legacy</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appointment</li> <li>• Election</li> <li>• Lobby pressure</li> <li>• Strong political influence: political influence</li> <li>• Corruption</li> <li>• Command</li> <li>• Control</li> <li>• Regulation: price, quantity, quality, accessibility, distributional</li> <li>• Rule of law / judicial enforcement</li> <li>• Assignment</li> <li>• Business relationship</li> <li>• Market power</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Information on industrial costs of the service</li> <li>• Information on Investment costs</li> <li>• Information on physical assets (length of network, buildings, geolocation, equipment, ...)</li> <li>• Information on revenues</li> <li>• Information on demand side</li> </ul>

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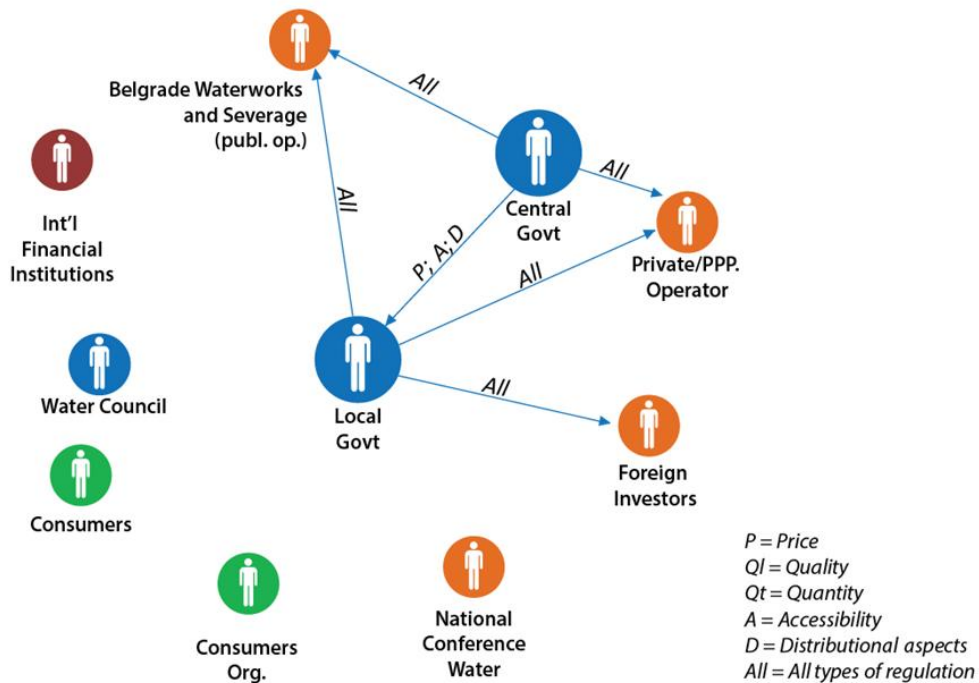
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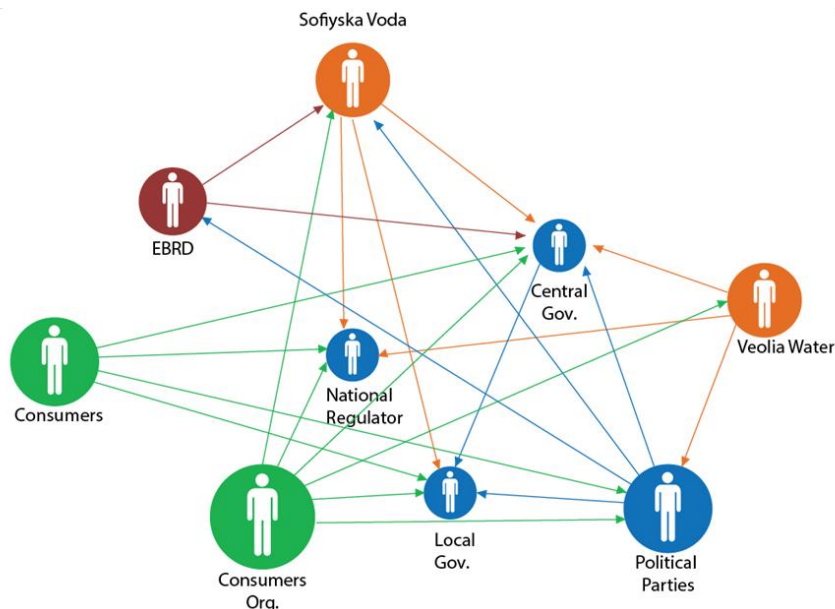
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**Example 2: Regulation FIELD map, Belgrade (Serbia) WSSS case study (2014)**



**Example 3: Lobby pressure FIELD map – Sofia (Bulgaria) WSSS case study (2014)**



Please refer to the following page for further details: [www.turinschool.eu/FIELD](http://www.turinschool.eu/FIELD)